

# MSP430 Advanced Technical Conference 2006





## Introduction to MSP430 Communication Interfaces

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# Agenda

- USART, USCI, USI Comparison
- RS232 Communication
- SPI Communication
- I2C Communication
- Lab Activities

# MSP430 Communication Modules

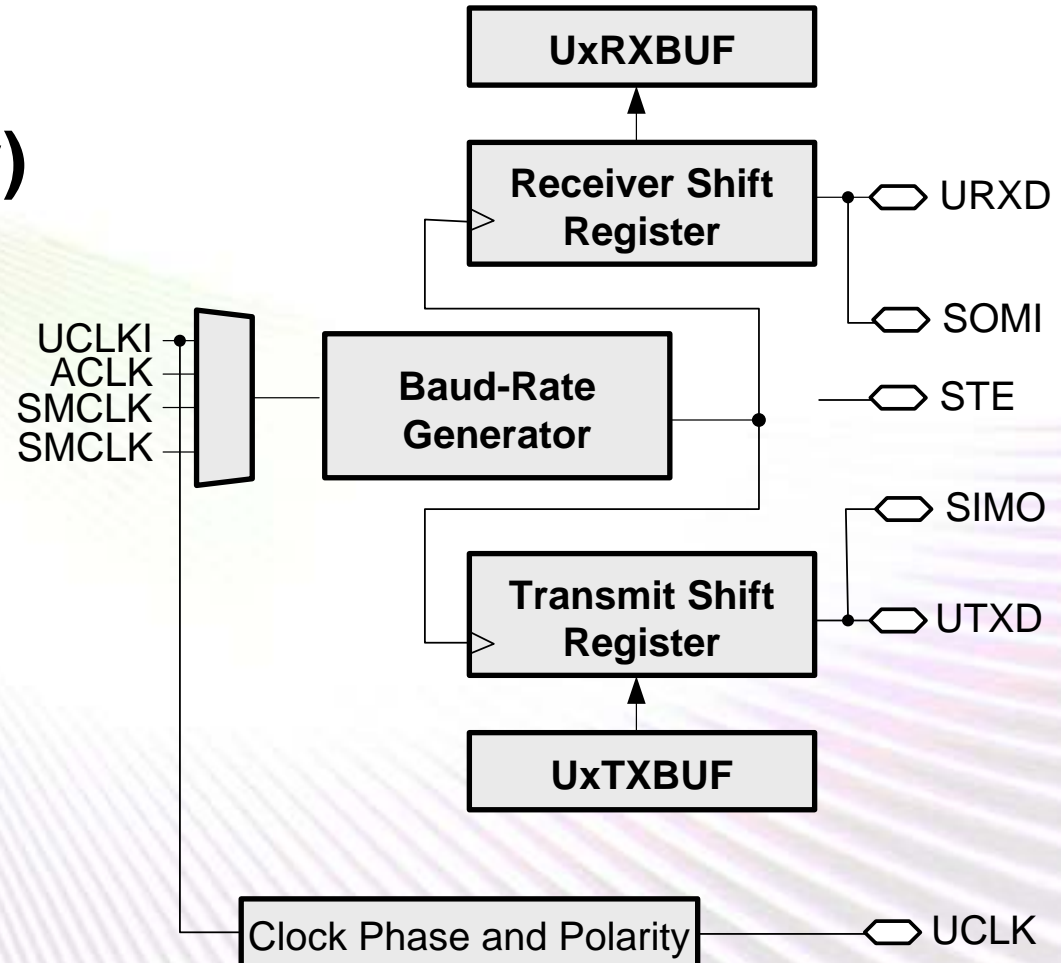
<b>USART</b>	<b>USCI</b> 	<b>USI</b> 
<b>UART:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Only one modulator</li> <li>- n/a</li> <li>- n/a</li> <li>- n/a</li> </ul>	<b>UART:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Two modulators support n/16 timings</li> <li>- Auto baud rate detection</li> <li>- IrDA encoder &amp; decoder</li> <li>- Simultaneous USCI_A and USCI_B (2 channels)</li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;">- - -</p>
<b>SPI:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Only one SPI available</li> <li>- Master and Slave Modes</li> <li>- 3 and 4 Wire Modes</li> </ul>	<b>SPI:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Two SPI (one on each USCI_A and USCI_B)</li> <li>- Master and Slave Modes</li> <li>- 3 and 4 Wire Modes</li> </ul>	<b>SPI:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Only one SPI available</li> <li>- Master and Slave Modes</li> </ul>
<b>I2C:</b> <i>(on '15x/'16x only)</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Master and Slave Modes</li> <li>- up to 400kbps</li> </ul>	<b>I2C:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Simplified interrupt usage</li> <li>- Master and Slave Modes</li> <li>- up to 400kbps</li> </ul>	<b>I2C:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- SW state machine needed</li> <li>- Master and Slave Modes</li> </ul>

# Agenda

- USART, USCI, USI Comparison
- RS232 Communication
- SPI Communication
- I2C Communication
- Lab Activities

# USART

- **Ultra-Low Power Support:**
  - Auto-Start from any Low-Power Mode
- **UART or SPI Mode (I2C on 'F15x/'F16x only)**
- **Double Buffered TX/RX**
- **Baudrate Generator**
- **DMA enabled**
- **Error Detection**

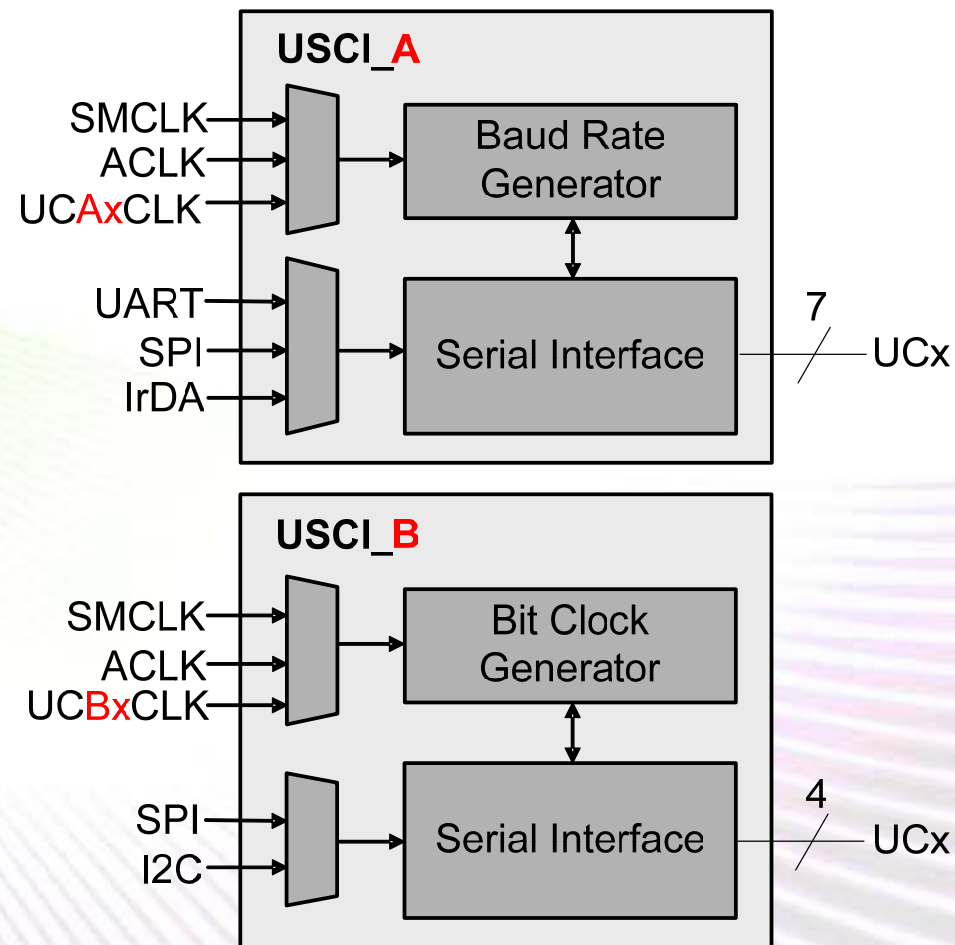


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# Universal Serial Communication I/F

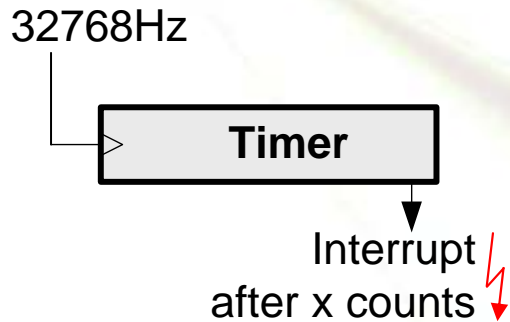
NEW

- **Ultra-Low Power Support:**
  - Auto-Start from any Low-Power Mode
- **Two Individual Blocks:**
  - **USCI\_A:**  
UART with Lin/IrDA support  
SPI (Master/Slave, 3 & 4 wire mode)
  - **USCI\_B:**  
SPI (Master/Slave, 3 & 4 wire mode)  
I2C (Master/Slave, up to 400kHz)
- **Double Buffered TX/RX**
- **Baudrate/Bit Clock Generator:**
  - With Auto-Baud Rate Detect
  - Flexible Clock Source
- **RX glitch suppression**
- **DMA enabled**
- **Error Detection**



# RS232 Software Solution

- **Example:** 9600 Baud using 32.768kHz clock source



```
__interrupt void Timer_ISR()  
{ if (Data & 0x01) // check data bit 0  
    SetOutput(); // bit0=1 → P1.0=1  
  else  
    ResetOutput(); // bit0=0 → P1.0=0  
  Data = Data >> 1; // next bit  
}
```

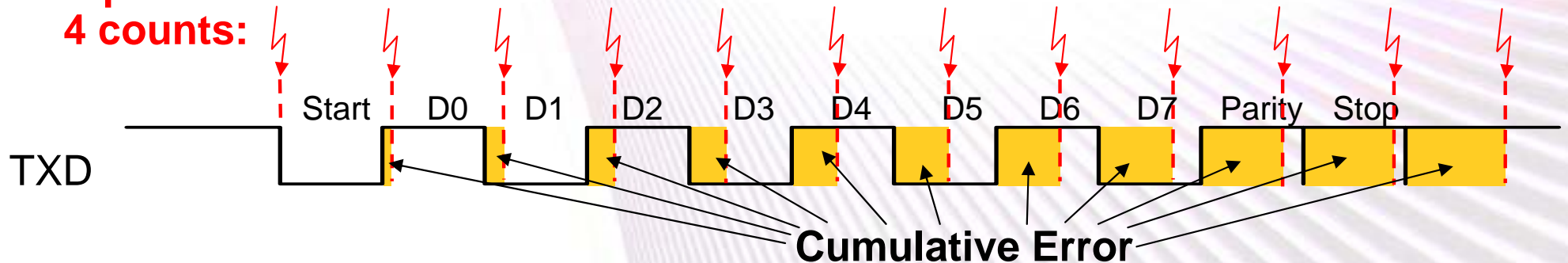
9600 Baud  $\Rightarrow$  Bit Time = **104.17us**



3x 32768Hz clocks = **91.55us**

4x 32768Hz clocks = **122.07us**

Interrupts after  
4 counts:



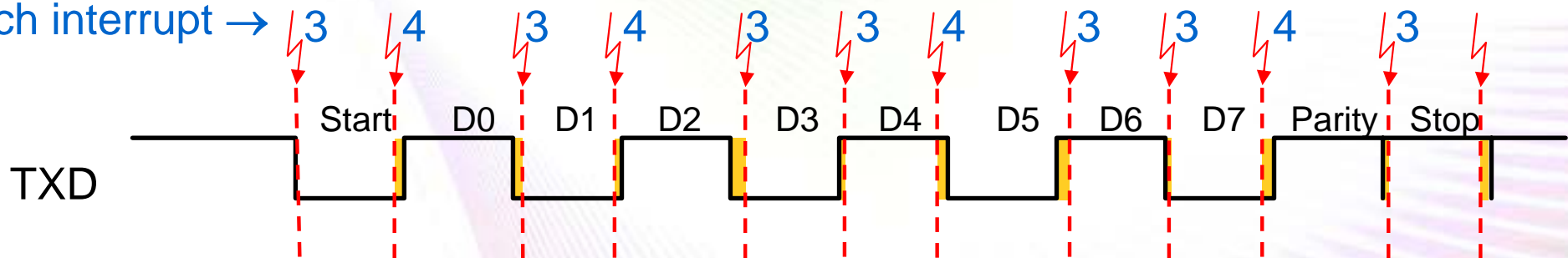
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# Reducing Cumulative Error

- **Modulation reduces Cumulative Error:**

9600 Baud  $\Rightarrow$  Bit Time = **104.17us**  $\leftrightarrow$  **3x 32768Hz clocks = 91.55us**  
**4x 32768Hz clocks = 122.07us**

Redefine bit time  
at each interrupt  $\rightarrow$





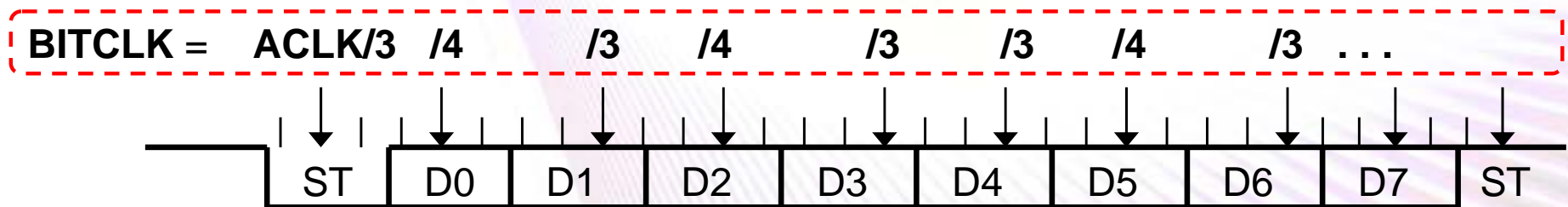
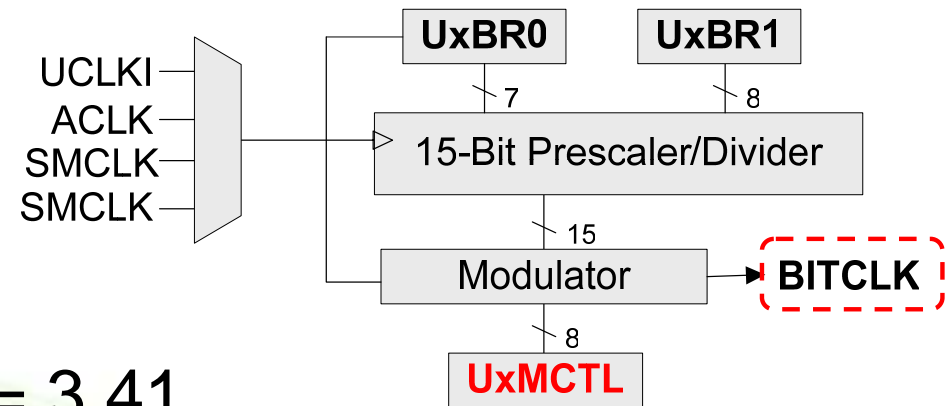
# USART Baudrate Generator

**9600 baud:**

$ACLK = 32768 \text{ Hz}$

$\text{Prescaler} = 32768\text{Hz}/9600\text{baud} = 3.41$

$UxBR1 \mid UxBR0 \mid UxMCTL = 00h \mid 03h \mid 4Ah$

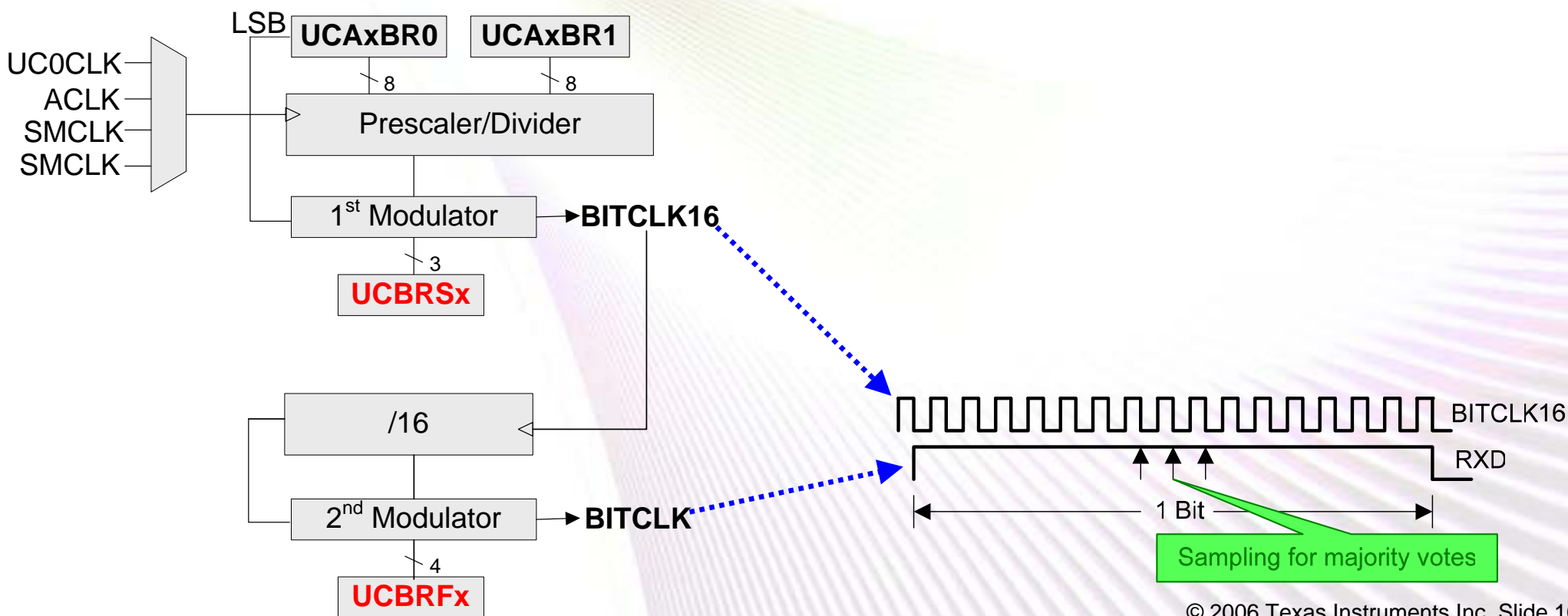


***Content of UxMCTL is the modulation pattern***



# USCI Baudrate Generator

- Oversampling Baud Rate Generation
- Two Modulators (UCBRSx and UCBRFx select modulation pattern)
- RX sampled using BITCLK16



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# USART Initialization Sequence

Recommended USART initialization/re-configuration process as shown in the MSP430 User's Guide:

## **Note: Initializing or Re-Configuring the USART Module**

The required USART initialization/re-configuration process is:

- 1) Set SWRST (`BIS.B #SWRST, &UxCTL`)
- 2) Initialize all USART registers with SWRST = 1 (including UxCTL)
- 3) Enable USART module via the MEx SFRs (URXEx and/or UTXEx)
- 4) Clear SWRST via software (`BIC.B #SWRST, &UxCTL`)
- 5) Enable interrupts (optional) via the IEx SFRs (URXIEx and/or UTXIEx)

Failure to follow this process may result in unpredictable USART behavior.

Please compare recommendations for USART Module in the MSP430 User's Guides.

# USCI Initialization Sequence

Recommended USCI initialization/re-configuration process as shown in the MSP430 User's Guide:

## **Note: Initializing or Re-Configuring the USCI Module**

The recommended USCI initialization/re-configuration process is:

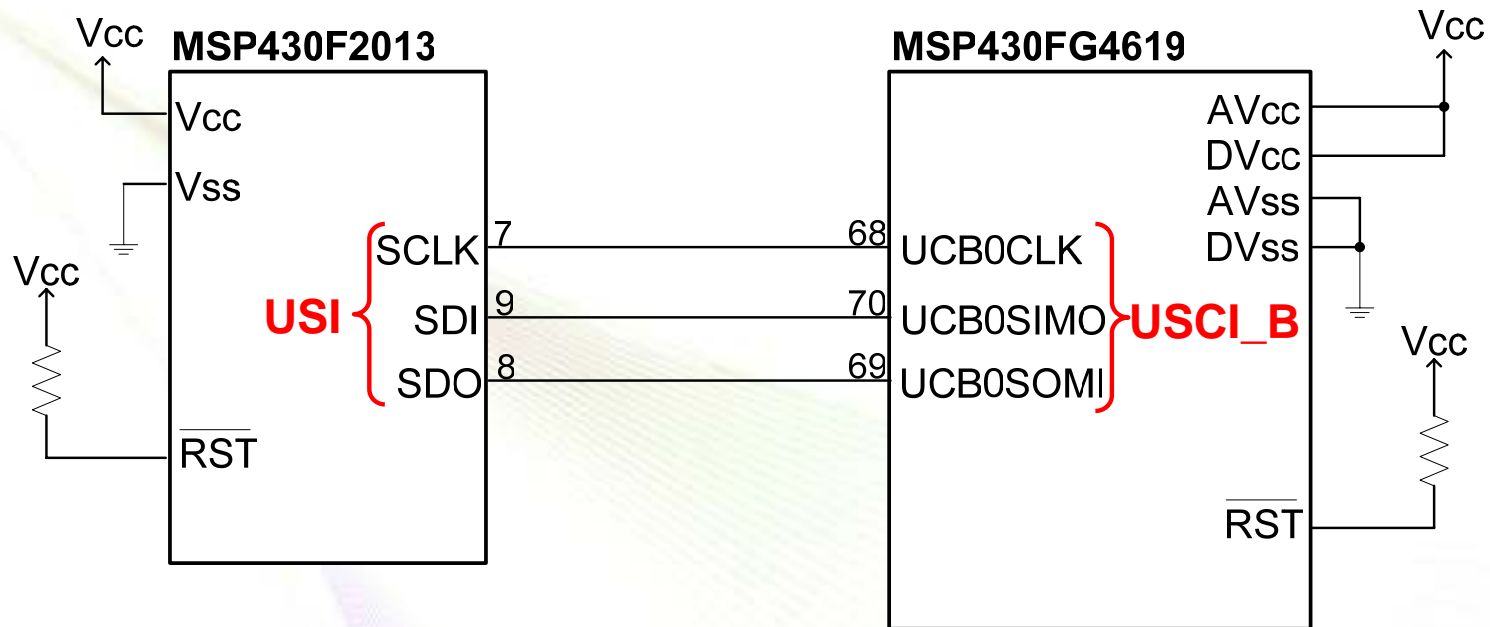
- 1) Set UCSWRST (`BIS.B #UCSWRST, &UCAxCTL1`)
- 2) Initialize all USCI registers with UCSWRST = 1 (including UCAxCTL1)
- 3) Configure ports.
- 4) Clear UCSWRST via software (`BIC.B #UCSWRST, &UCAxCTL1`)
- 5) Enable interrupts (optional) via UCAxRXIE and/or UCAxTXIE

Please compare recommendations for USCI Module in the MSP430 User's Guides.

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# SPI Example



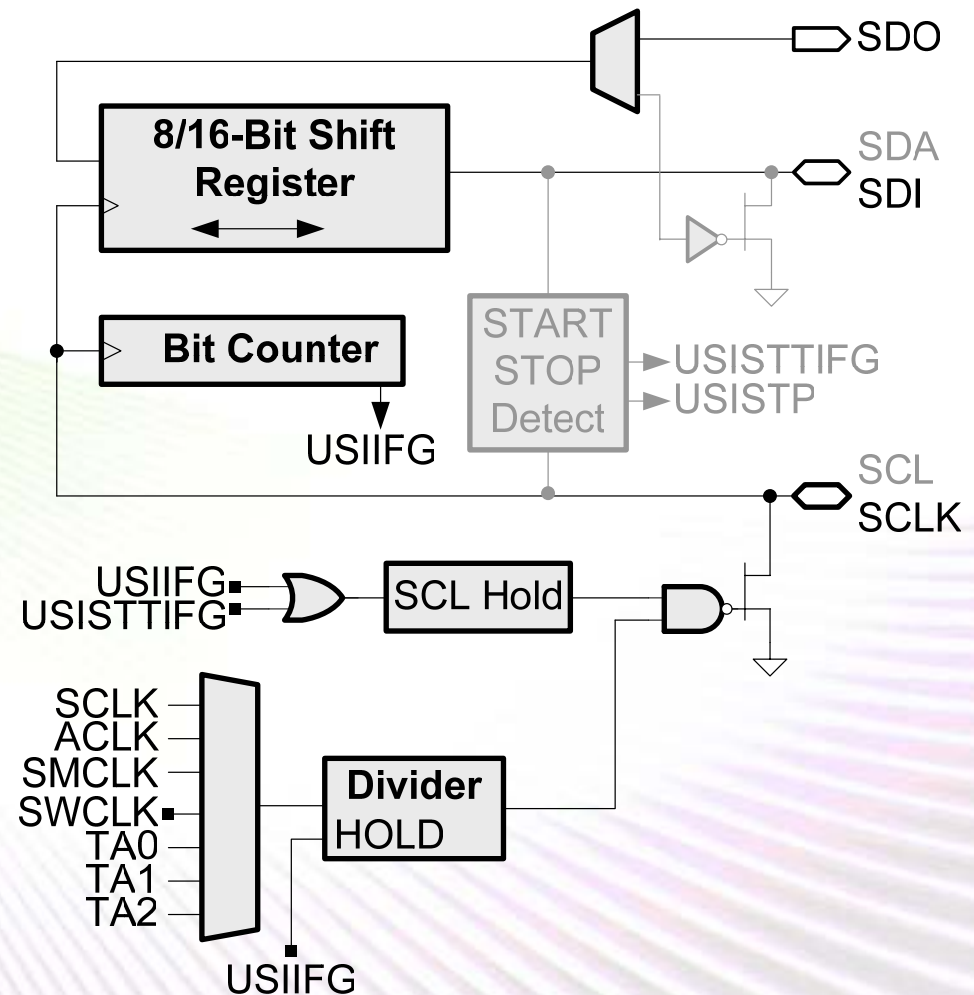
- **3 Wire Mode (MSP430 also supports 4-wire mode)**
- **Clock Phase and Polarity configurable**
- **Think about Start-up Behaviour**

# Universal Serial Interface



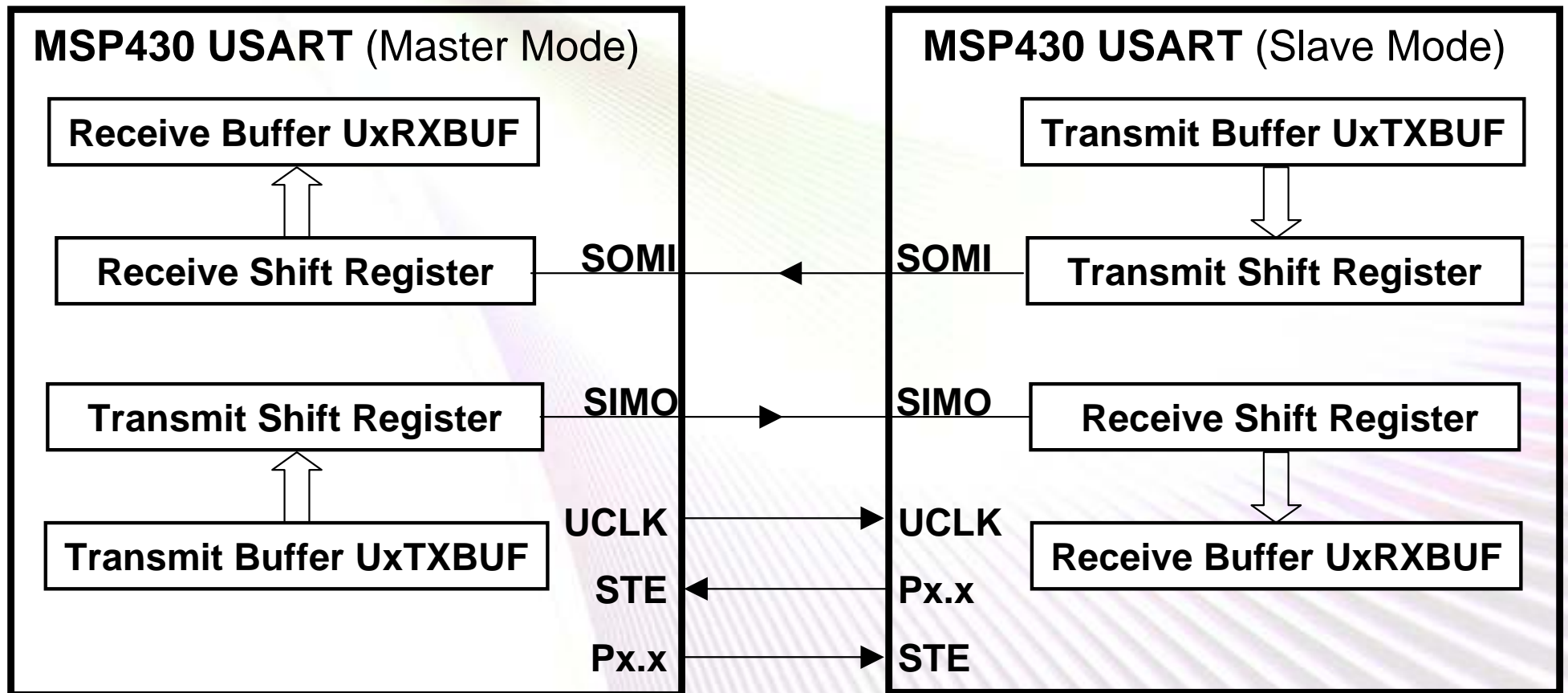
- Available on new **MSP430x20xx** family
- Supports I2C and SPI
- Programmable Data Length (up to 16-bits)
- Flexible Clock Source Selection

*Provides efficient combination of cost & function for a software-friendly serial interface*



# USART SPI

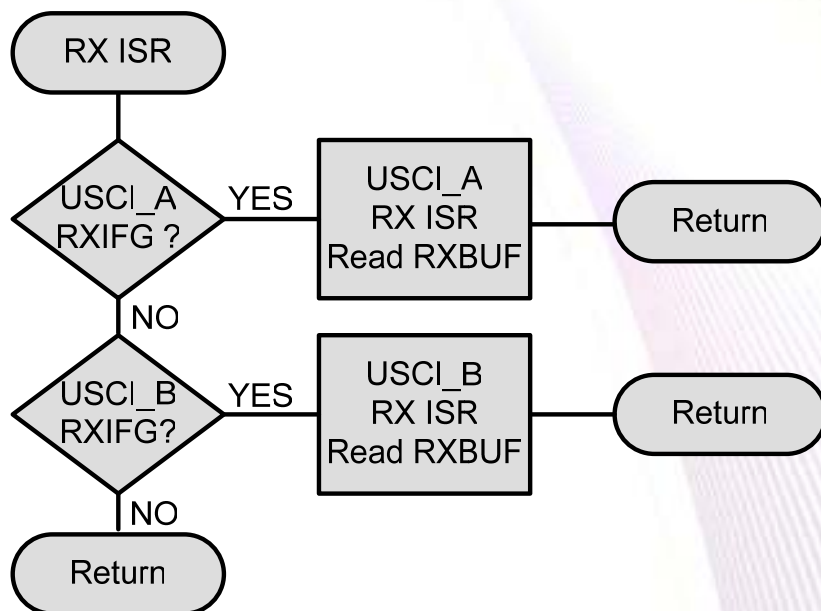
- Supports Master and Slave Mode
- 3-pin and 4-pin SPI operation



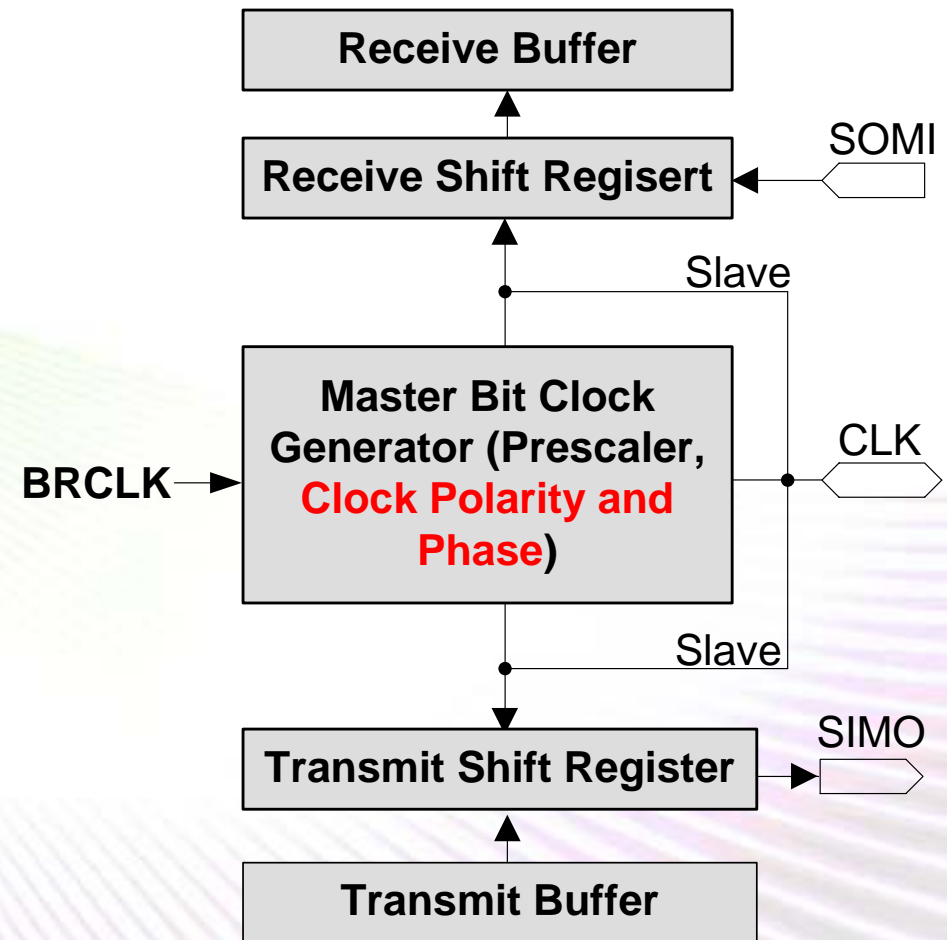


# USCI: SPI Mode

- **Take care about Clock Polarity and Phase settings**
- **USCI\_A and USCI\_B share TX and RX vector**
- **Software check detects correct ISR handle:**



## USCI SPI Block Diagram:

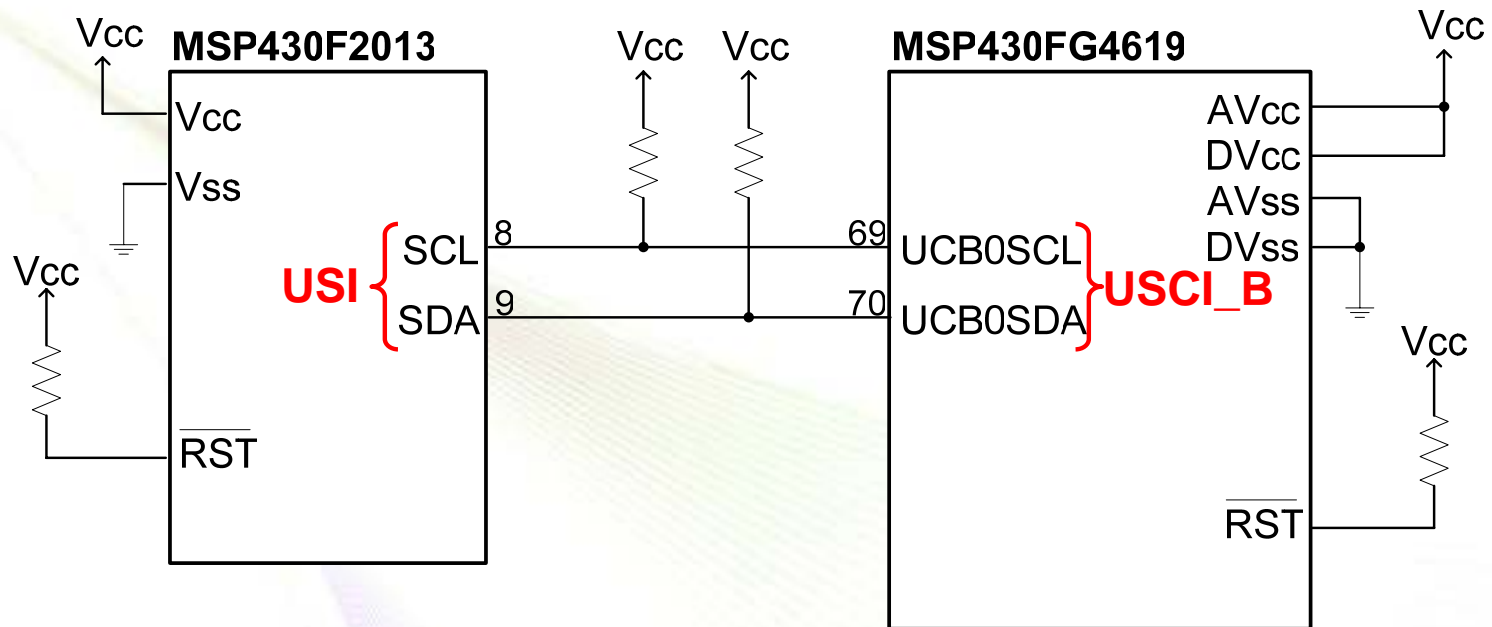


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# I2C-Bus Example



- **MSP430F2013:**

- USI I2C Slave Mode
- Data (2 Bytes) are sent via I2C

- **MSP430FG4619:**

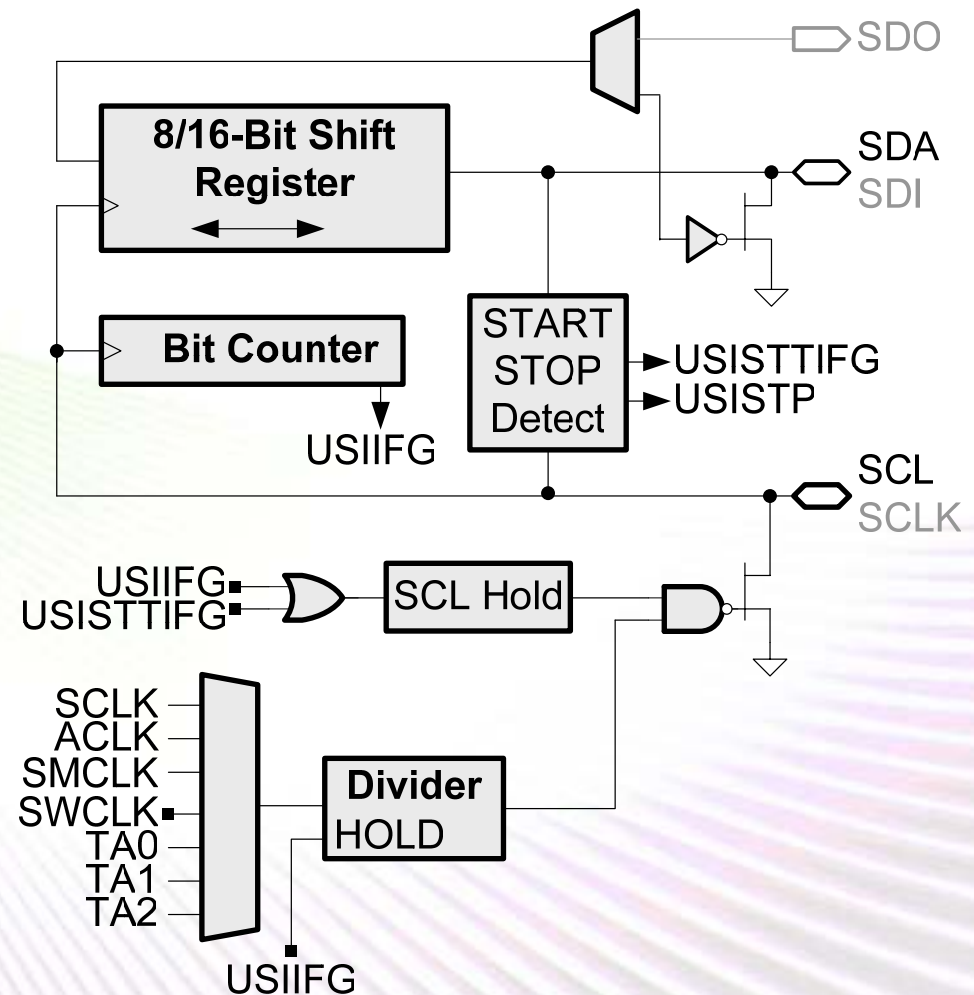
- USCI I2C Master Mode
- Data (2 Bytes) are read via I2C

# Universal Serial Interface



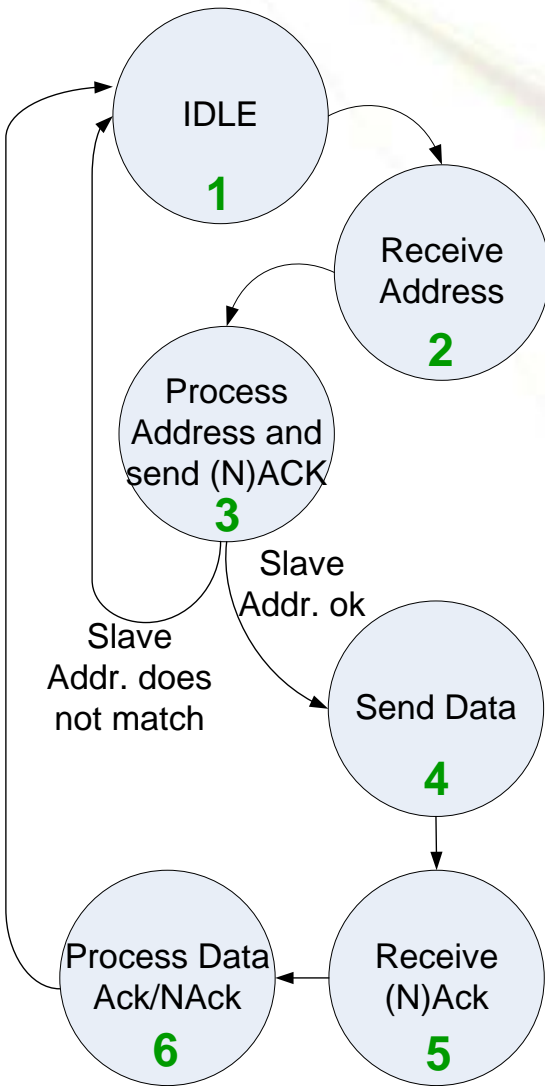
- Available on new **MSP430x20xx** family
- Supports I2C and SPI
- Programmable Data Length (up to 16-bits)
- Flexible Clock Source Selection

*Provides efficient combination of cost & function for a software-friendly serial interface*

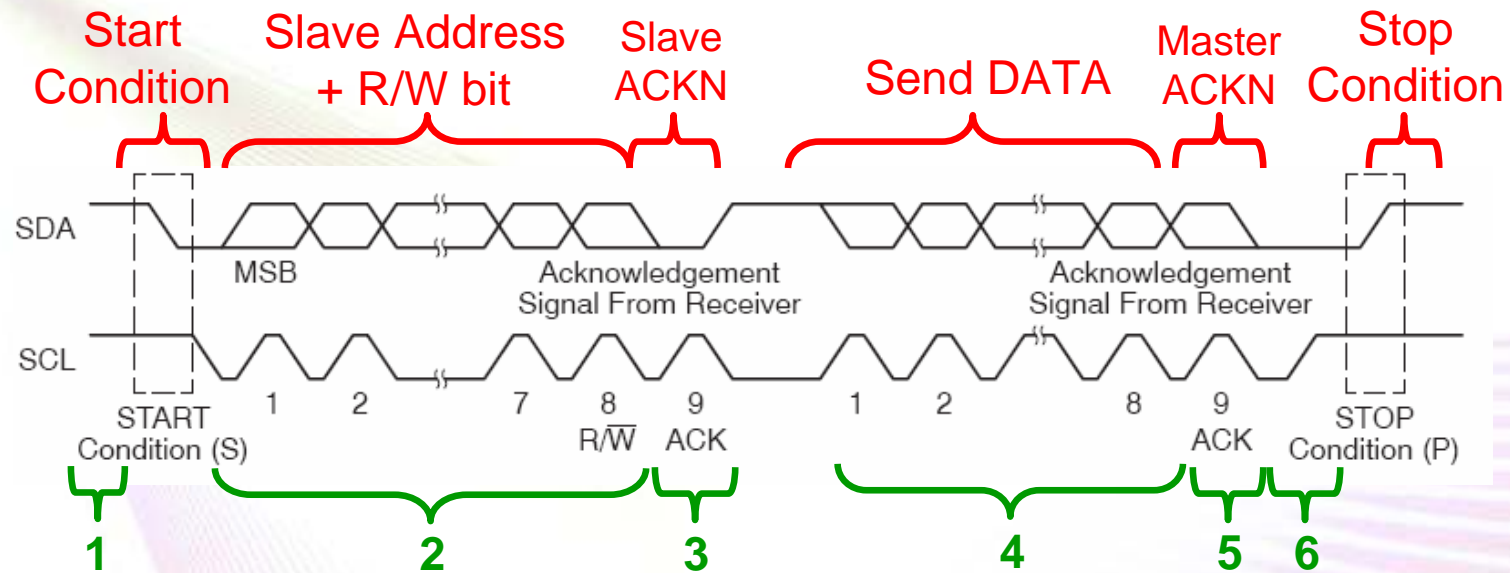


# USI: I2C Slave Transmitter

## Software State Machine:

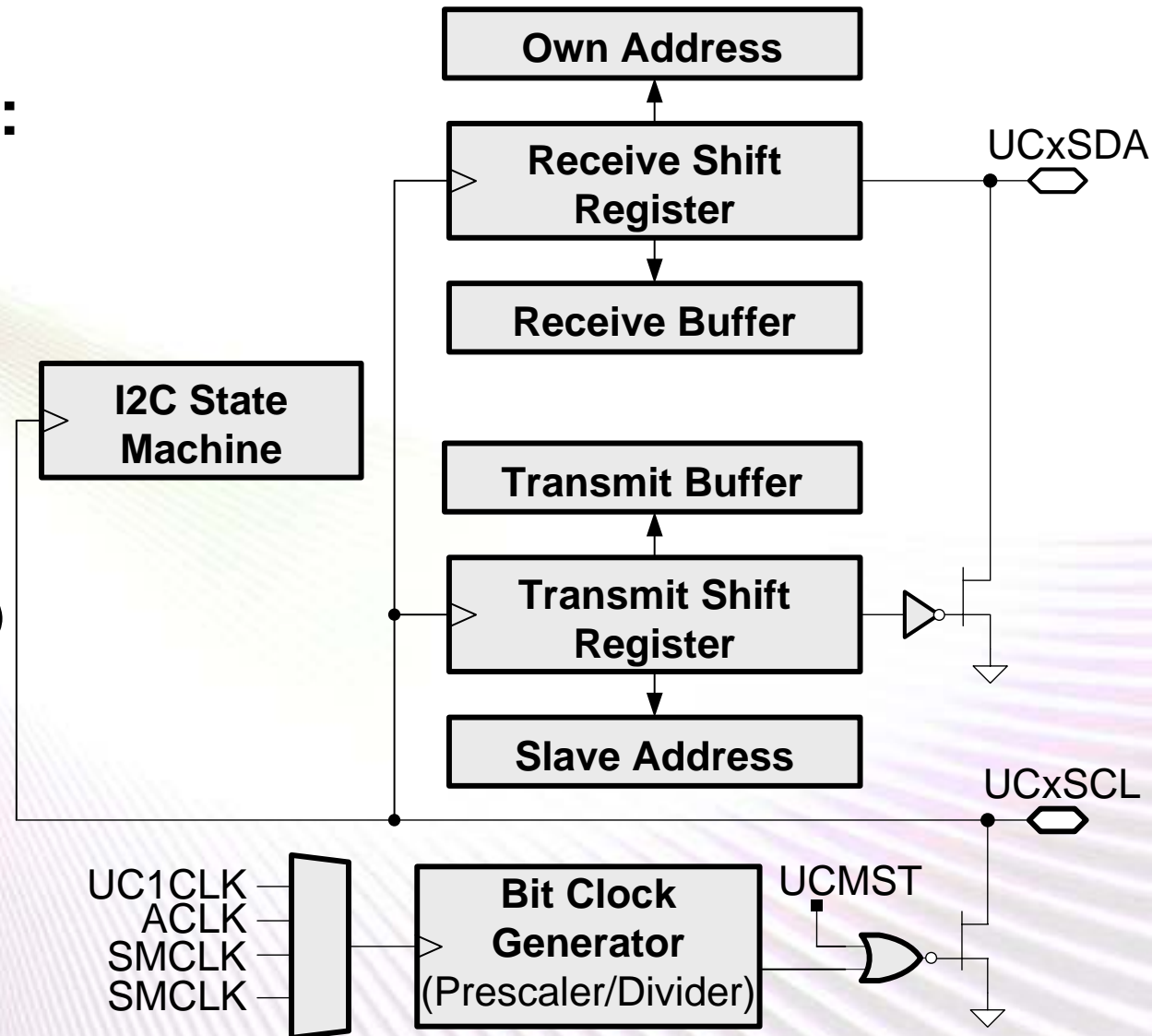


## I2C Protocol:



# USCI: I2C Communication

- **Compliance to I2C Specification V2.1:**
  - 7-bit/10-bit addressing
  - General call
  - Start/Restart/Stop
  - Multi-master transmitter/receiver mode
  - Slave receiver/transmitter mode
  - Standard mode (100kbps) and fast mode (400kbps) support
- **Flexible Bit Clock Generator**
- **Designed for Low Power**



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# LAB 1: Instructions

- Start IAR Embedded Workbench and create a new Project
- Add the file  
**“msp430xG46x\_uscia0\_uart\_01\_115k\_modified.c”**  
to the project
- Configure the project options (PROJECT → OPTIONS)
- Download the code and start the code
- Check RS232 communication between PC and your ATC board  
(The demo code will echo back received characters)
- You may change the baud rate by modifying the marked code lines on the following slide (more information about these control registers can be found on slide 26)



# LAB 1: RS232 Communication

```
void main(void) // FILE: "msp430xG46x_uscia0_uart_01_115k_modified.c"
{
    WDTCTL = WDTPW+WDTHOLD; // Stop WDT
    FLL_CTL0 |= XCAP14PF; // Configure load caps
    //... check 32kHz oscillator
    P2SEL |= 0x030; // P2.4,5 = USCI_A0 RXD/TXD
    UCA0CTL1 |= UCSSEL_2; // SMCLK
    UCA0BR0 = 0x09; // 1MHz 115200
    UCA0BR1 = 0x00; // 1MHz 115200
    UCA0MCTL = 0x02; // Modulation
    UCA0CTL1 &= ~UCSWRST; // **Initialize USCI state machine**
    IE2 |= UCA0RXIE; // Enable USCI_A0 RX interrupt
    _BIS_SR(LPM0_bits + GIE); // Enter LPM0, interrupts enabled
}

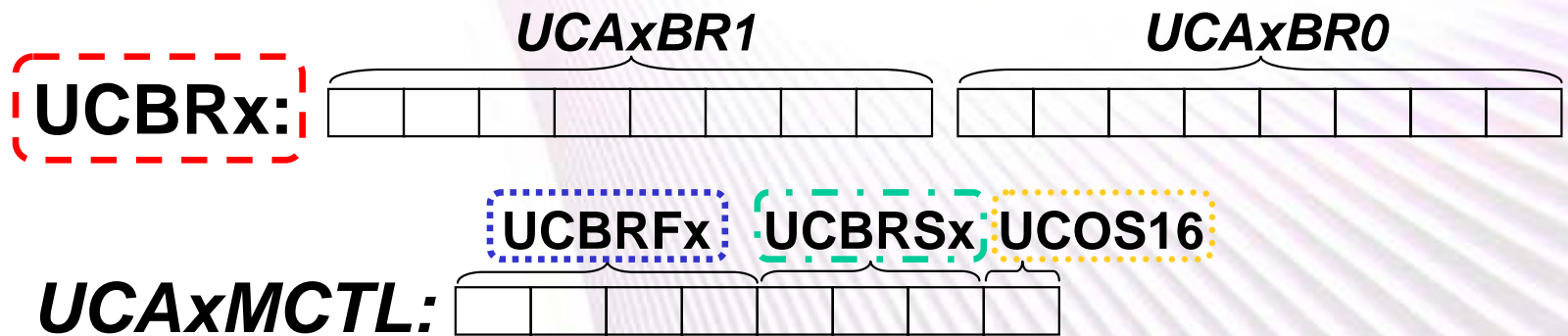
// Echo back RXed character, confirm TX buffer is ready first
#pragma vector=USCIAB0RX_VECTOR
__interrupt void USCIA0RX_ISR (void)
{
    while(!(IFG2&UCA0TXIFG));
    UCA0TXBUF = UCA0RXBUF; // TX -> RXed character
}
```

# LAB 1: Modify Baudrate

## MSP430x4xx User's Guide/USCI Module Description:

Table 18–4. Commonly Used Baud Rates, Settings, and Errors, **UCOS16 = 0**

	BRCLK frequency [Hz]	Baud Rate [Baud]	UCBRx	UCBRSx	UCBRFx	Max. TX Error [%]	Max. RX Error [%]		
UCA0CTL1   = UCSSEL_1;	32,768	1200	27	2	0	-2.8	1.4	-5.9	2.0
	32,768	2400	13	6	0	-4.8	6.0	-9.7	8.3
	32,768	4800	6	7	0	-12.1	5.7	-13.4	19.0
	32,768	9600	3	3	0	-21.1	15.2	-44.3	21.3
UCA0CTL1   = UCSSEL_2;	1,048,576	9600	109	2	0	-0.2	0.7	-1.0	0.8
	1,048,576	19200	54	5	0	-1.1	1.0	-1.5	2.5
	1,048,576	38400	27	2	0	-2.8	1.4	-5.9	2.0
	1,048,576	56000	18	6	0	-3.9	1.1	-4.6	5.7
	1,048,576	115200	9	1	0	-1.1	10.7	-11.5	11.3



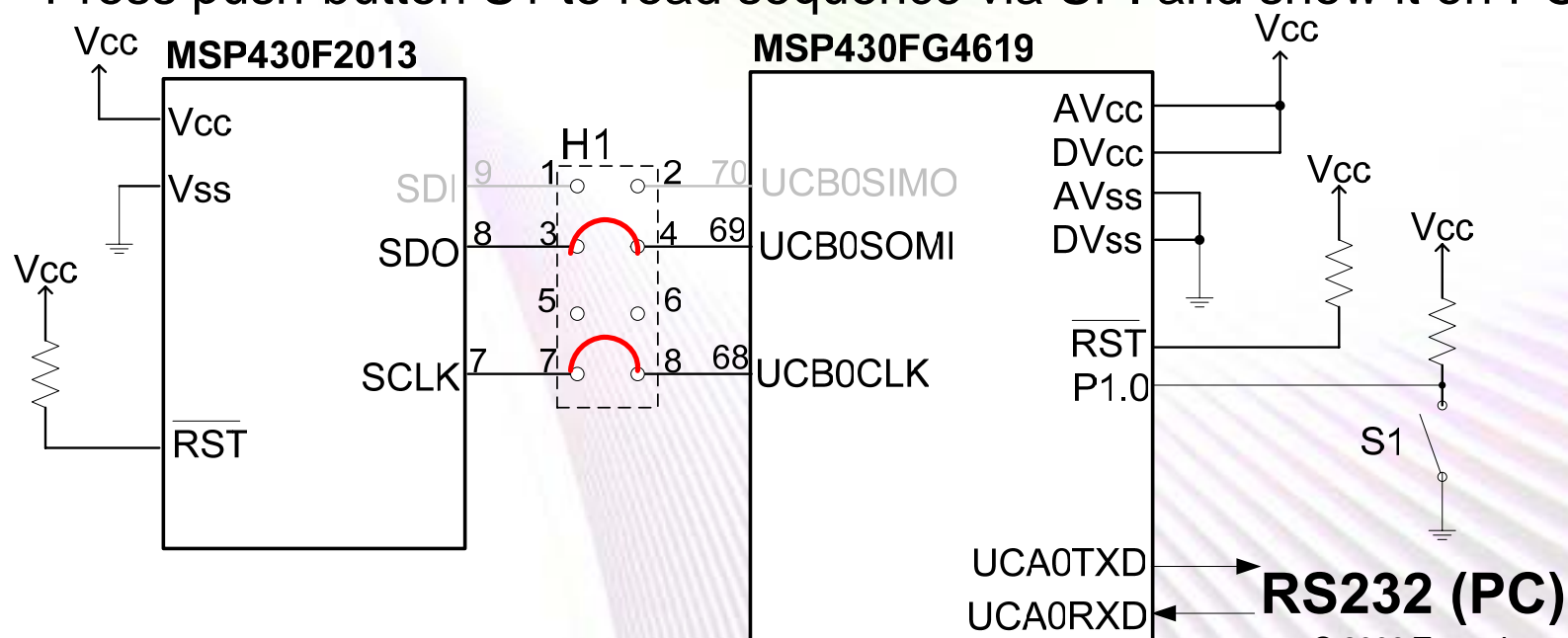
# LAB 2: SPI with USI and USCI

## 1. MSP430F2013:

- Download code “msp430x20x3\_usi\_03\_modified.c”

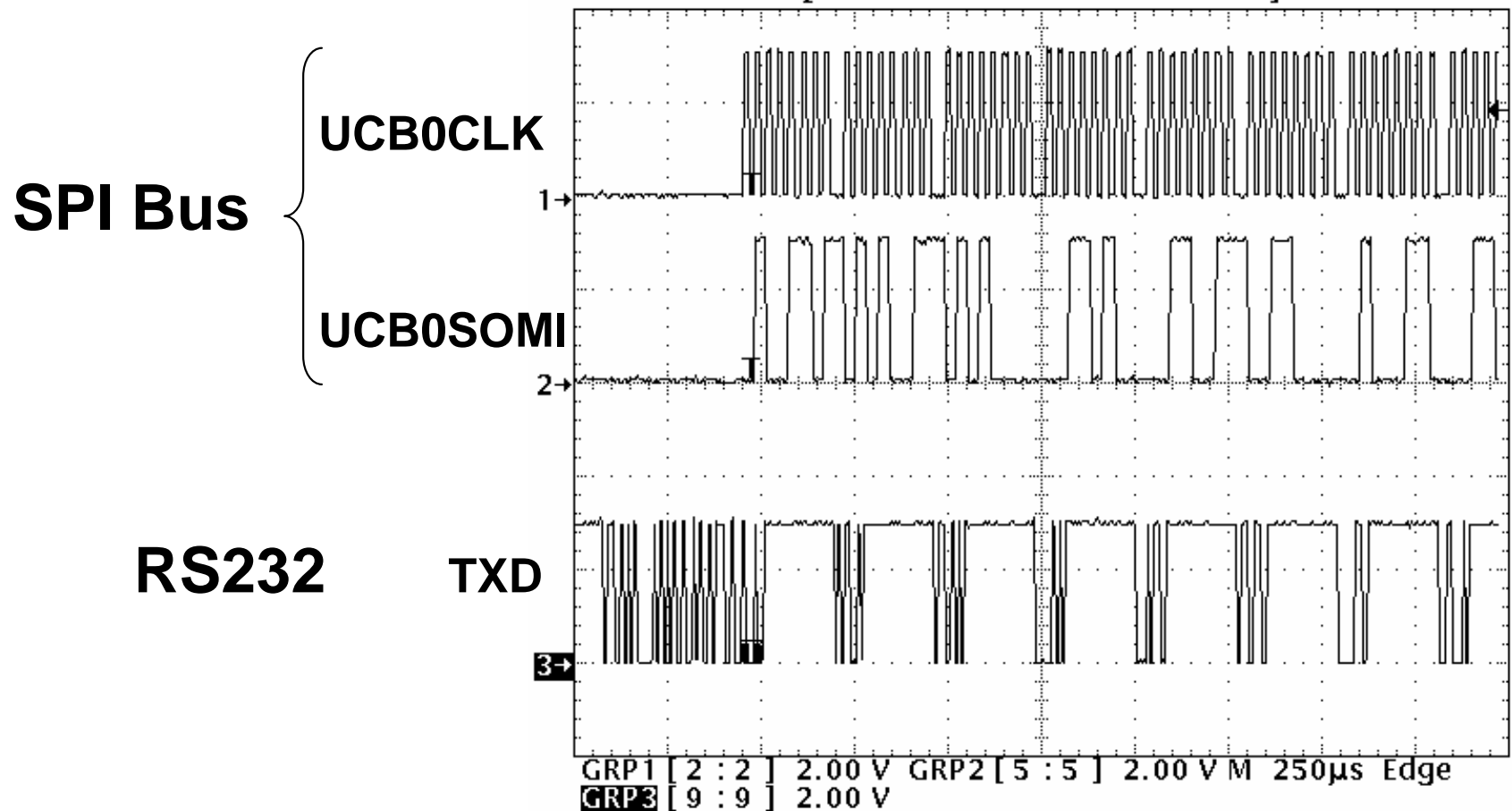
## 2. MSP430FG4619:

- Download code “msp430xG46x\_uscib0\_spi\_01\_modified.c”
- Check Jumper on connector H1 (3-4, 7-8)
- Connect RS232 (115kBaud, 8bit, no parity)
- Press push-button S1 to read sequence via SPI and show it on PC



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# LAB 2: Scope Shot of SPI & RS232



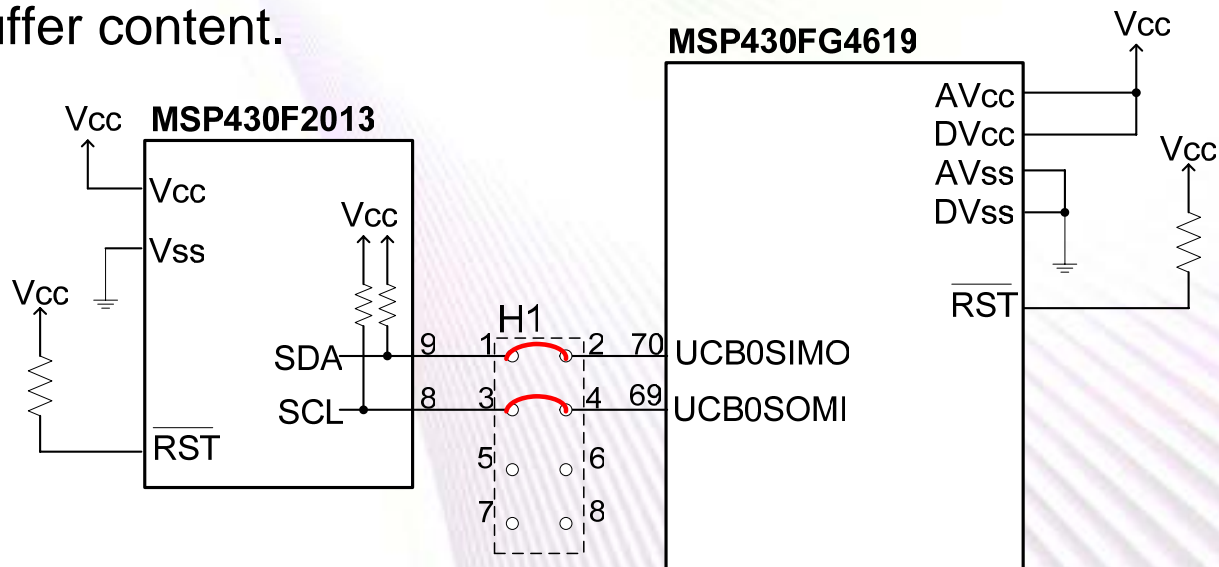
# LAB 3: I2C with USI and USCI

## 1. MSP430F2013:

- Download code “msp430x20x3\_usi\_09\_modified.c”

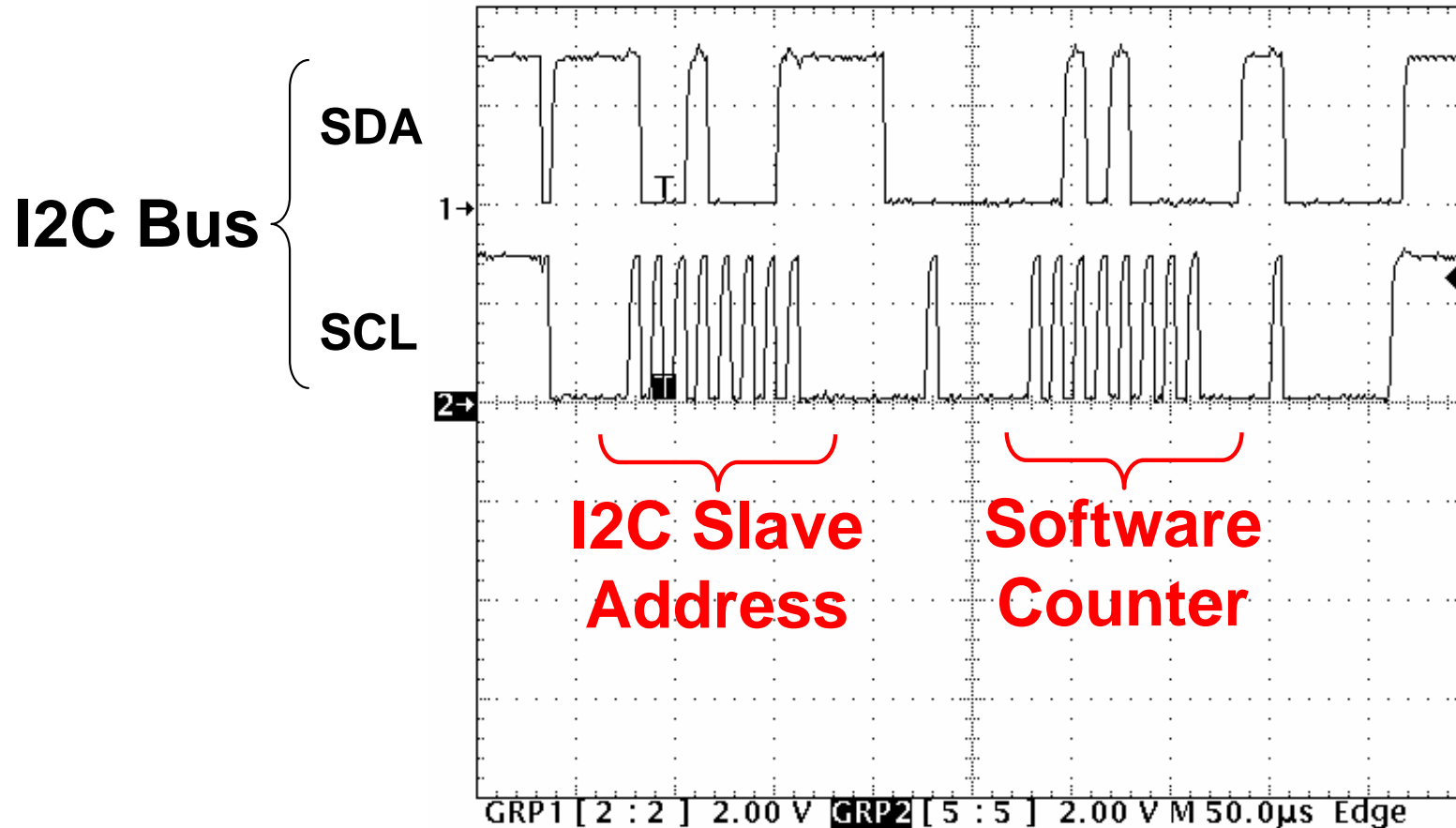
## 2. MSP430FG4619:

- Download code “msp430xG46x\_uscib0\_i2c\_10\_modified.c”
- Check Jumper on connector H1 (1-2, 3-4)
- Set breakpoint in main loop (look for comment “// Set BREAKPOINT >>here<<”)
- Start program execution. As soon as breakpoint was detected check RxBuffer content.



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# LAB 3: Scope Shot I2C Bus



# Summary

- **There are different solutions! MSP430's peripheral communication modules helps you to reduce CPU loading**
- **Be aware about the initialization sequence of USART and USCI modules (follow the recommendations of the User's Guides)**
- **Detailed module descriptions can be found in the MSP430 User's Guides**
- **Code examples are available on the MSP430 homepage ([www.ti.com/msp430](http://www.ti.com/msp430))**

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Data Converters	<a href="http://dataconverter.ti.com">dataconverter.ti.com</a>	Automotive	<a href="http://www.ti.com/automotive">www.ti.com/automotive</a>
DSP	<a href="http://dsp.ti.com">dsp.ti.com</a>	Broadband	<a href="http://www.ti.com/broadband">www.ti.com/broadband</a>
Interface	<a href="http://interface.ti.com">interface.ti.com</a>	Digital Control	<a href="http://www.ti.com/digitalcontrol">www.ti.com/digitalcontrol</a>
Logic	<a href="http://logic.ti.com">logic.ti.com</a>	Military	<a href="http://www.ti.com/military">www.ti.com/military</a>
Power Mgmt	<a href="http://power.ti.com">power.ti.com</a>	Optical Networking	<a href="http://www.ti.com/opticalnetwork">www.ti.com/opticalnetwork</a>
Microcontrollers	<a href="http://microcontroller.ti.com">microcontroller.ti.com</a>	Security	<a href="http://www.ti.com/security">www.ti.com/security</a>
RFID	<a href="http://www.ti-rfid.com">www.ti-rfid.com</a>	Telephony	<a href="http://www.ti.com/telephony">www.ti.com/telephony</a>
Low Power Wireless	<a href="http://www.ti.com/lpw">www.ti.com/lpw</a>	Video & Imaging	<a href="http://www.ti.com/video">www.ti.com/video</a>
		Wireless	<a href="http://www.ti.com/wireless">www.ti.com/wireless</a>

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